Residential Construction 2019-2020

By: Brian Jorgensen

Unit: Career opportunities in Residential Construction.		Time: January	
Standards Taught			
RC 17.1 Research career opportu	nities in the Archi	tecture and Const	ruction fields.
Differentiation/Assessment:		nagement and nment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	_	om" like setting. rows with space its so in be erall the tructured and	 Research 3 different career opportunities in the building construction industry to answer the following questions? Educational requirements or opportunities Job skills required Work performed Entry and median salaries Safety concerns and issues Advancement potential

		 Employment outlook Worker satisfaction Interview someone employed in this field to see if they would recommend this career to someone looking to enter in to it and to see if they had to start all over again would they stay in the same type of career.
Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at	Students should have a completed glossary from their Architectural Drafting	Worker InterviewCareer research papers
the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.		
Relevance: Knowing what is expected of a person entering into this career path is the first step in determining if this is a fit for you.	Examples: Grain bin builder Carpenter Dry Waller Painter Finnish Carpenter Plumber Electrician Contractor	 Materials Needed: Computer. Internet Miscellaneous office supplies Someone in the building construction field to interview

Reflection:

I moved this from the end of the year to the first of the year so that I can illustrate to the students that there are more than one career that they can be looking at in this field.

- What do these people do?
- Can I make a living doing this?
- What does job security look like in this career field?

Unit: Construction safety	Time: January	
	Standards Taught	
RC 1.1 Demonstrate proper industricts RC 5.1 Demonstrate safe and properties of the	per use of hand tools. per use of power tools.	
Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	The classroom is set up in a "regular class room" like setting. The desks are in rows with space between students so concentration can be maintained. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place. The shop is set up like a commercial Cabinet shop or a shop of an industrial wood worker. It contains equipment and tools that are consistent with those used by people employed in this industry.	 Students will take safety pre-tests for all of the power tools that they will be using for this class. Scores of a 90% or better will allow students to skip the chapter for that tool. Any lesser score students will read the safety information for that toll and retake the safety test until the 90% score is achieved. Students will demonstrate that they are able to use ant maintain tools in a manner consistent to OSHA standards.

Vocabulary

Assessments

Prior Knowledge Needed

Students working on this
unit should have taken,
passed, and completed the
class in Introduction to
Drafting that is offered at
the Corsica Stickney High
School, or had a similar
class in another location, or
comparative live
experiences.

- Students should have a completed glossary from their Architectural Drafting
- Testing
- Demonstrations

Relevance:

On the job safety is the primary concern in this industry. Work place accidents often result in permanent disability when working with power tools.

Examples:

- Table Saw
- Band Saw
- Miter Box Saw
- Belt Sander
- Router
- Planner
- Jointer
- Portable saws
- Radial Arm Saw
- Hammer
- Air nailer
- Air compressor
- Jacks

Materials Needed:

- Computer.
- Internet
- Modern Woodworking Textbook
- Miscellaneous office supplies
- Someone in the building construction field to interview

Reflection:

It is almost impossible to overemphasize safety where power tools are concerned. When teaching this unit make sure to talk about consequences inattention when using these tools.

- Am I qualified to use this tool?
- Am I aware of my surroundings?
- Am I aware of what my coworkers are doing and where they are located?
- Will my using this tool affect those around me?

Unit: Site preparation and squaring structures		Time: January	
Standard		ls Taught	
RC 2.1 Understand and demonstrate RC 3.1 Demonstrate how to read RC 3.2 Demonstrate survey techn	blueprints.		
Differentiation/Assessment:		nagement and nment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	"regular class ro	on be crall the tructured and ocedures in et up like a inet shop or a trial wood ins equipment re consistent by people	 Students will conduct a site survey to determine slope, and suitability of soil type for intended purpose. Students square up a building using both the measurement method and the geometric method. A topographical survey will be conducted to determine depth of excavation and the amount of fill will be required for a given building.

Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.	 Topography Site map Squaring a building Soil survey Intended use 	 Students will demonstrate to the instructor how they determined this answer to the above questions. Demonstrations
Relevance:	Examples:	Materials Needed:
Every builder should be able to. square a building. One that starts out unsquared creates problems throughout the entire building process.	You Tube video on how to square up a building	 Computer. Internet Modern Woodworking Textbook Soil survey maps and tables Stakes Chalk line Hammer Surveying equipment 25" and 100" Tape measures Blue print
Reflection:	Essential Questions:	
This lesson is done almost entirely out of doors so its scheduling has to be somewhat flexible to take advantage of good weather.	 What math can I use that I learned in math class to master this lesson? What is that theorem called? Why do I need to look at the soil to build on top of it? Why does this building have to be square? 	

Unit: Pouring concrete	Time: February	or May
	Standards Taught	
RC 4.2 Understand and demonstra RC 5.1 Demonstrate safe and prop RC 5.2 Demonstrate safe and prop RC 5.2 Demonstrate safe and prop	ate basic math skills. blueprints. ate the use of wood building mater ate the use of fasteners and adhesiv per use of hand tools. ber use of power tools.	ves.
Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	The classroom is set up in a "regular class room" like setting. The desks are in rows with space between students so concentration can be maintained. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place. The shop is set up like a commercial Cabinet shop or a shop of an industrial wood	 Discuss safety concerns when working with concrete and concrete reinforcement. Build a form to pour concrete. Cut and secure rebar to reinforce concrete. Determine concrete mixes appropriate for different applications. Discuss components that make up concrete.

and tools that are consistent

with those used by people employed in this industry.

concrete project.

Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.	 Slump Aggregate Binder Screed Float Trowel 	 Class participation Quiz Demonstrate required skills
Relevance:	Examples:	Materials Needed:
Most everyone in this area of the state will pour concrete at some point in their lives, and having a basic understanding of how to do it correctly will make the investment that they make in it last a whole lot longer.	 Sidewalks Driveways Patios Brick laying 	 Lumber for forms Blue print Rebar Concrete Concrete supplier Hammer Fasteners Level Trowels Floats Finishing tools
Reflection:	Essential Questions:	
This lesson is done almost entirely out of doors so its scheduling has to be somewhat flexible to take advantage of good weather. It must be done when rain is not in the forecast for the day of and after the pour.	 What type of soil will supp 	concrete must be able to support. Fort this pad? Finish this concrete before it sets

Unit: Drywall, drywall finishing and drywall repair	Time: February

- RC 1.1 Demonstrate proper industry safety standards.
- RC 2.1 Understand and demonstrate basic math skills.
- RC 3.1 Demonstrate how to read blueprints.
- RC 4.1 Understand and demonstrate the use of wood building materials.
- RC 4.2 Understand and demonstrate the use of fasteners and adhesives.
- RC 5.1 Demonstrate safe and proper use of hand tools.
- RC 5.2 Demonstrate safe and proper use of power tools.
- RC 5.2 Demonstrate safe and proper use of pneumatic tools.
- RC 6.1 Understand and Demonstrate the use of concrete and reinforcing materials.
- RC 7.2 Understand and demonstrate framing of wall and ceiling systems.
- RC 12.1 Understand and demonstrate drywall installation.
- RC 12.2 Understand and demonstrate drywall finishing.
- RC 13.1 Understand and demonstrate interior finishing.

Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	The classroom is set up in a "regular class room" like setting. The desks are in rows with space between students so concentration can be maintained. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place. The shop is set up like a commercial Cabinet shop or a shop of an industrial wood worker. It contains equipment and tools that are consistent with those used by people employed in this industry.	 Cut, layout and frame an interior wall model that is 4' wide by 3' tall. Install drywall on one side of the wall insuring that there are at least 3 seams in the drywall. Tape, mud and finish the drywall. Bust a hole in the finished drywall. Patch the hole that you created. Create your own texture for the dry wall. Prime half of the wall that you have created and leave the other half unprimed. Paint the entire wall.

Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.	 Mud Tape Joint Seam Hammer track 	 Class participation Cleanup Quality of final product. Demonstrate required skills
Relevance:	Examples:	Materials Needed:
Every home owner has drywall or plaster in their home. Both plaster and drywall are relatively easy to damage if students learn to do their own repairs it will save them money over the long term.	Textures that can be achieved using common materials	 Lumber for forms Drywall Fasteners Screw driver Hammer Plaster Tape Drywall knives Utility knife Modern Woodworking Text String
Reflection:	Essential Questions:	
I believe that this is a lesson that will benefit almost anyone. In fact, one of the sophomore students told me that they used it this year to fix a hole that they knocked in their bedroom wall with their door.	 How much drywall do I need Do I need to add drywall to plaster suffice? What does primer do? 	ed? In the hole or will filling it with

Unit: Electrical wiring	Time: February or May

- RC 1.1 Demonstrate proper industry safety standards.
- RC 2.1 Understand and demonstrate basic math skills.
- RC 3.1 Demonstrate how to read blueprints.
- RC 4.1 Understand and demonstrate the use of wood building materials.
- RC 4.2 Understand and demonstrate the use of fasteners and adhesives.
- RC 5.1 Demonstrate safe and proper use of hand tools.
- RC 5.2 Demonstrate safe and proper use of power tools.
- RC 16.1 Understand and demonstrate basic residential electric and plumbing applications.

Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	The classroom is set up in a "regular class room" like setting. The desks are in rows with space between students so concentration can be maintained. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place. The shop is set up like a commercial Cabinet shop or a shop of an industrial wood worker. It contains equipment and tools that are consistent with those used by people employed in this industry.	 Study the principle of electricity and what makes up an electrical circuit. Review electrical safety rules. Check the Electrical Code to determine if work will be up to standards set forth. Create a simple circuit that contains the following, a plug, an outlet a switch a light and a switched outlet. Wire a three-way switch.

Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.	 Circuit Amps Voltage Electrical Shock Resistance Load Maximum load 	 Class participation Safety Quiz Demonstrate of mastery of required skills
Relevance:	Examples:	Materials Needed:
Even though this is a very basic introductory lesson it is relevant tin the fact that it introduces the principles of electricity to the building trades student.	 Wiring diagrams Rewiring lamps Replacing plugins and switches. 	 Unified electrical code Electrical boxes Electrical outlets Electrical switches Light socket Light bulb Three-way switches Electrical wire Male plug in Computer Internet Screwdriver Wire stripper Plyers Outlet covers Switch covers Wire nuts

Reflection:

This is a basic entry level lesson and should not be considered anything more. Special care should be taken to stress the safety concerns when working with electricity.

- What is load?
- Is my wire size and amperage load compatible?
- Is the electricity turned off?
- What are the safety concerns when working with electricity?

Unit: Basic plumbing	Time: March	

- RC 1.1 Demonstrate proper industry safety standards.
- RC 2.1 Understand and demonstrate basic math skills.
- RC 3.1 Demonstrate how to read blueprints.
- RC 4.1 Understand and demonstrate the use of wood building materials.
- RC 4.2 Understand and demonstrate the use of fasteners and adhesives.
- RC 5.1 Demonstrate safe and proper use of hand tools.
- RC 5.2 Demonstrate safe and proper use of power tools.
- RC 16.1 Understand and demonstrate basic residential electric and plumbing applications.

Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	The classroom is set up in a "regular class room" like setting. The desks are in rows with space between students so concentration can be maintained. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place. The shop is set up like a commercial Cabinet shop or a shop of an industrial wood worker. It contains equipment and tools that are consistent with those used by people employed in this industry.	 Students will be able to replace a heating element in a water heater. Safety concerns will be reviewed and addressed. Students will replace a Fawcett, replace a toilet flush valve and flopper, take apart and reassemble a trap and operate plunger and a snake.
Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments

Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.

- Water Pressure
- Brown water
- Black water
- Potable water
- Valve seat
- Goose neck
- Trap

- Class participation
- Safety Quiz
- Demonstrate required skills

Relevance:

Basic plumbing repairs are something that with a little knowhow most homeowners can perform for themselves.

Examples:

- Fawcett repair or replacement
- Replacing a water heater element
- Unclogging a drain
- Retrieving diamond ring lost down a drain

Materials Needed:

- Trap
- Lavatory Fawcett
- Salvaged sink
- Plastic or pex pipe
- Channel locks
- Fawcett wrench
- Plyers
- Flush valve
- Flopper

Reflection:

This lesson is done almost entirely out of doors so its scheduling has to be somewhat flexible to take advantage of good weather. It must be done when rain is not in the forecast for the day of and after the pour.

- What does a leaky Fawcett cost me in a year's time?
- How do I make sure that this won't leak when I am done?
- Do I have the tools that I need to do this job?

Unit: Budgeting, design, and materials accusation. **Time:** *March through May*

- RC 2.1 Understand and demonstrate basic math skills.
- RC 3.1 Demonstrate how to read blueprints.
- RC 3.2 Demonstrate survey techniques and site layout.
- RC4.1 Understand and demonstrate use of wood building materials.

Differentiation/Assessment:	Classroom Management and Environment:	What will the students be doing?
Students who needed the extra help received guided notes, extra individual practice, and shortened tests.	The classroom is set up in a "regular class room" like setting. The desks are in rows with space between students so concentration can be maintained. Overall the environment is structured and has rules and procedures in place. The shop is set up like a commercial Cabinet shop or a shop of an industrial wood worker. It contains equipment and tools that are consistent with those used by people employed in this industry.	 Relative chapters will be read in the Modern Woodworking Text. Each chapter will be outlined and discussion questions will be answered. Each student will be required to write five test questions with answers for each chapter. Student questions will be edited by the teacher and then 10 questions will be chosen to compose a test that will then be given to the students after information has been reviewed by the class. We will find someone that want a storage shed built and draw up a set

- of blueprints for appropriate for the project.
- Using the approved blueprint, a bill of materials will be completed
- The students will create a budget for the building from the bill of materials, one of the online lumber yard websites such as Menards will be used to price materials. A 10% charge will be added to budget to account for items that are damaged in construction or items that were incidental due to construction changes.
- The storage building will be constructed to customer specifications.
- Students will devise a method moving the building out of the shop and onto the parking lot.
- Methods of loading the building will be researched by the students. They will choose the most feasible method and the building will be loaded onto whatever truck or trailer will be used to transport the building.
- Upon completion of this assignment students will be required to write a reaction paper on the construction project.
- A daily construction journal will be kept recording the tools used, work performed, time

- on task, what recommendations can I make to make the work we are doing more efficient and of a better quality, and what new skills that they learned that day as well as skills that they desire to learn in the near future.
- Students will take turns being the construction foreman, whose duties include keeping everyone working, assigning students to tasks to be performed, and motivating workers.
- Students will also take turns being the shop foreman, whose duties include taking care of tools and equipment, making sure the shop gets cleaned at the end of the class, and making sure everyone is involved in clean up.
- Students will take turns being assigned as the Safety Officer whose job is to observe the other students job performance and call out safety violations and take corrective action in accordance to rules set up by the class room teacher.
- Each student is to record any miss cuts or other mistakes that they make in the construction process so that the cost of mistakes can be calculated and be used as a learning tool.

Prior Knowledge Needed	Vocabulary	Assessments
Students working on this unit should have taken, passed, and completed the class in Introduction to Drafting that is offered at the Corsica Stickney High School, or had a similar class in another location, or comparative live experiences.	 Time on task Job performance Self-motivation Supervisory skills Project management Innovation Problem solving skills 	 Daily Work Journal entries Clean up General shop safety practices Attention to detail Performance as Shop Foreman Performance as Construction Foreman Performance as Safety Officer. Time Cards Review Questions Quizzes
Relevance:	Examples:	Materials Needed:
Building construction is not just the act of slapping a few boards together and calling it good. There are a whole host of other skills that are necessary for the student to master. They include problem solving, project management, supervision, motivation, planning, and several other soft skills that they will obtain by being required to perform in leadership situations.	 You Tube construction videos Photos of buildings under construction Problems and challenges as they arise on the job Guest speakers involved in the industry 	 Computer. Internet Guest speakers Modern Woodworking Textbook Someone who wants a storage shed Lumber Building construction related hand and portable power tools Screws nails and other fasteners Paint Stationary construction tools Spiral note book and a pen for journaling. Time cards Blue print

Reflection:

This is a very long and detailed lesson that entails not only class room instruction but a lot of hands on learning. Because of the nature of the tasks being performed and the inherent safety concerns involved with power tool use, working on ladders, the nature of the work being performed and the behavior and exuberance of the young men and women performing the work, I have determined over time, that including them in supervisory positions not only increases desired results, it also allows them to gain some skills mastery that they would not have, if they were not thrust into these positions. It is very important however that the students doing the supervising be closely supervised themselves. Failure to do so can result in them being carried away with their newfound responsibilities.

- Just what skills are needed to be a competent carpenter?
- How can waste be limited?
- What can I use as a problem solving procedure?
- Where are the most likely opportunities to make mistakes and what are the likely consequences of those mistakes?
- Is there a better way to get any certain job accomplished?
- Do I understand why the building goes together as it does?
- How can I work more efficiently?
- Upon completion of this class do I think that I now have the skills to build another building on my own?